





ABOVE Lesser flamingos crowd the saline waters of Lake Bogoria, the most northerly of the country's Rift Valley lakes.

OPPOSITE The Masai Mara National Reserve is not beyond the range extent of the impala, that ubiquitous antelope of Africa, nor that of the red-billed oxpecker.

PREVIOUS SPREAD A plains zebra at the base of the Sirian Escarpment in the Masai Mara, the north-western extremity of the annual migration.

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ABOVE Lions and the Maasai people have a tangled, troubled history, but the Mara region still offers relative sanctuary to about one-third of Kenya's lion population.

RIGHT The best of both worlds, Samburu National Reserve combines the semi-arid vegetation that characterises the country's north with lush riparian forests that teem with birds and mammals, including olive baboons.

OPPOSITE Nakuru National Park is one of the few protected areas in Kenya that is completely fenced, an investment made to safeguard its reintroduced rhino population.



PORTFOLIO







ABOVE In a rising tide of dust and desperation, wildebeest begin to mass in anticipation of a river crossing – the sight that almost every safari-goer wants to witness.

OPPOSITE, ABOVE A lesser flamingo in Lake Nakuru National Park tends to its chick.

OPPOSITE The elephants of Amboseli National Park are some of the world's most famous (and famously relaxed), having been studied for more than three decades.

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